

3066. Proposed by Gabriel Dospinescu, Onesti, Romania.

Given an integer $n > 2$, let A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n and B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n be subsets of $S = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ with the property that for all $i, j \in S$, the subsets A_i and B_j have exactly one element in common. Prove that, if there are at least two distinct subsets among B_1, B_2, \dots, B_n , then there exists a non-empty subset $T \subseteq S$ that has an even number of elements in common with each of the subsets A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n .

3067. Proposed by Gabriel Dospinescu, Onesti, Romania.

Find all functions $f : (0, \infty) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ such that

1. $f(f(f(x))) + 2x = f(3x)$ for all $x > 0$, and
2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (f(x) - x) = 0$.

3068. Proposed by Vasile Cîrtoaje, University of Ploiesti, Romania.

Let a, b, c be non-negative real numbers, no two of which are zero. Prove that

$$\sqrt{1 + \frac{48a}{b+c}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{48b}{c+a}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{48c}{a+b}} \geq 15,$$

and determine when there is equality.

3069. Proposed by Cristinel Mortici, Valahia University of Targoviste, Romania.

Let $A, B \in M_2(\mathbb{C})$ be such that $(AB)^2 = A^2B^2$. Prove that

$$\det(I + AB - BA) = 1.$$

3070. Proposed by Zhang Yun, High School attached to Xi' An Jiao Tong University, Xi' An City, Shan Xi, China.

Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be positive real numbers such that

$$x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n \geq x_1x_2 \cdots x_n.$$

Prove that

$$(x_1x_2 \cdots x_n)^{-1} (x_1^{n-1} + x_2^{n-1} + \dots + x_n^{n-1}) \geq \sqrt[n-1]{n^{n-2}},$$

and determine when there is equality.

3071. Proposed by Arkady Alt, San Jose, CA, USA.

Let $k > -1$ be a fixed real number. Let a, b , and c be non-negative real numbers such that $a + b + c = 1$ and $ab + bc + ca > 0$. Find

$$\min \left\{ \frac{(1+ka)(1+kb)(1+kc)}{(1-a)(1-b)(1-c)} \right\}.$$