

U76. Let $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be an integrable function such that $\int_0^1 xf(x)dx = 0$. Prove that $\int_0^1 f^2(x)dx \geq 4 \left(\int_0^1 f(x)dx \right)^2$.

Proposed by Cezar Lupu, University of Bucharest, Romania and Tudorel Lupu, Constanza, Romania

First solution by Arkady Alt, San Jose, California, USA

Since

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 f(x) dx &= \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} + \frac{3x}{2} \right) f(x) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right) f(x) dx + \frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 xf(x) dx \\ &= \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right) f(x) dx \end{aligned}$$

and $\int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}$. Then by the Cauchy Inequality

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\int_0^1 f(x) dx \right)^2 &= \left(\int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right) f(x) dx \right)^2 \leq \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right)^2 dx \cdot \int_0^1 f^2(x) dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^1 f^2(x) dx. \end{aligned}$$

Equality occurs if $f(x) = 1 - \frac{3x}{2}$. Next we see that

$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx = \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right) dx = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \int_0^1 xf(x) dx = \int_0^1 x \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right) dx = 0$$

$$\text{and } \int_0^1 f^2(x) dx = \int_0^1 \left(1 - \frac{3x}{2} \right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}.$$

Second solution by Li Zhou, Florida, USA