

U178. Let  $k$  be a fixed positive integer and let  $S_n^{(j)} = \binom{n}{j} + \binom{n}{j+k} + \binom{n}{j+2k} + \cdots$ ,  $j = 0, 1, \dots, k-1$ . Prove that

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( S_n^{(0)} + S_n^{(1)} \cos \frac{2\pi}{k} + \cdots + S_n^{(k-1)} \cos \frac{2(k-1)\pi}{k} \right)^2 \\ & + \left( S_n^{(1)} \sin \frac{2\pi}{k} + S_n^{(2)} \sin \frac{4\pi}{k} + \cdots + S_n^{(k-1)} \sin \frac{2(k-1)\pi}{k} \right)^2 = \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^{2n}. \end{aligned}$$

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Let  $\mathbb{Z}_+ = \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$  and  $D_j = \{j + mk \mid m \in \mathbb{Z}_+ \text{ and } j + mk \leq n\}$ . Then  $S_n^{(j)} = \sum_p \binom{n}{p}$  and

$\bigcup_{j=0}^{k-1} D_j = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, n\}$ . Let

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \cos \frac{2j\pi}{k} \\ b &= \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \sin \frac{2j\pi}{k} \\ \varepsilon &= \cos \frac{2\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{k} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \left( \cos \frac{2\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{k} \right)^j. \end{aligned}$$

Then  $\varepsilon^k = 1$  and

$$\begin{aligned} a + ib &= \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \cos \frac{2j\pi}{k} + i \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \sin \frac{2j\pi}{k} \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \left( \cos \frac{2j\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{2j\pi}{k} \right) \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} S_n^{(j)} \varepsilon^j = \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \sum_{p \in D_j} \binom{n}{p} \varepsilon^p \\ &= \sum_{p \in \bigcup D_j} \binom{n}{p} \varepsilon^p = \sum_{p=0}^n \binom{n}{p} \varepsilon^p = (1 + \varepsilon)^n \\ &= \left( 1 + \cos \frac{2\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{k} \right)^n = \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{k} \right) \right)^n \\ &= \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n. \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} |a + ib| &= \left| \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right| = \left| \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right| \left| \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right| \\ &= \left| \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right| \left| \left( \cos \frac{\pi}{k} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right| = \left| \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^n \right|. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $a^2 + b^2 = \left( 2 \cos \frac{\pi}{k} \right)^{2n}$ .

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