U171. Let A be a matrix of order n such that  $A^{10} = O_n$ . Prove that

$$\frac{1}{4}A^4 + \frac{1}{2}A^3 + \frac{1}{2}A^2 + A + I_n$$

is invertible.

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Let 
$$f(A) = -\frac{1}{4}A^3 - \frac{1}{2}A^3 - \frac{1}{2}A - I_n$$
 and  $B = Af(A)$ . Since for any two polynomial  $P(x)$  and  $Q(x)$  and any matrix  $A$  holds  $P(A)Q(A) = Q(A)P(A)$  then  $B^{10} = (Af(A))^{10} = A^{10}f(A)^{10} = 0_n$ . Hence,  $\left(\frac{1}{4}A^4 + \frac{1}{2}A^3 + \frac{1}{2}A^2 + A + I_n\right)\left(I_n + B + B^2 + \dots + B^9\right) = (I_n - B)\left(I_n + B + B^2 + \dots + B^9\right) = I_n - B^{10} = I_n$ . Thus,  $I_n + B + B^2 + \dots + B^9$  is inverse matrix for  $\frac{1}{4}A^4 + \frac{1}{2}A^3 + \frac{1}{2}A^2 + A + I_n$ .

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