

U105. Find $\min \left(\frac{\operatorname{Im} z^5}{\operatorname{Im}^5 z} \right)$ over all z in $\mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{R}$.

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Using polar form $z = r(\cos \varphi + i \sin \varphi)$, with $r > 0$ and $\varphi \neq k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ we obtain

$$\frac{\operatorname{Im} z^5}{\operatorname{Im}^5 z} = \frac{\sin 5\varphi}{\sin^5 \varphi} = \frac{16 \sin^5 \varphi - 20 \sin^3 \varphi + 5 \sin \varphi}{\sin^5 \varphi} = \frac{5}{\sin^4 \varphi} - \frac{20}{\sin^2 \varphi} + 16 =$$

$5 \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 \varphi} - 2 \right)^2 - 4 \geq -4$ and, since lower bound -4 for $\frac{\operatorname{Im} z^5}{\operatorname{Im}^5 z}$ can be attained if and only if

$$\sin^2 \varphi = \frac{1}{2} \iff \varphi = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{4}, n \in \mathbb{Z}, \text{ then } \min_{z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{R}} \left(\frac{\operatorname{Im} z^5}{\operatorname{Im}^5 z} \right) = -4.$$

Also solved by Paolo Perfetti, Universita degli studi di Tor Vergata, Italy; John T. Robinson, Yorktown Heights, NY, USA; Arin Chaudhuri; Daniel Lasaosa, Universidad Publica de Navarra, Spain; Magkos Athanasios, Kozani, Greece; Brian Bradie, Newport News, USA; Roberto Bosch Cabrera, Cuba.